

Supplementary Material

Article Title: Antipsychotic Treatment and the Occurrence of Venous Thromboembolism: A 10-Year

Nationwide Registry Study

Author(s): Chi-Shin Wu, MD, MS; Chao-Cheng Lin, MD, PhD; Chia-Ming Chang, MD, PhD; Kuan-Yi

Wu, MD; Hsin-Yi Liang, MD; Ya-Wen Huang, MS; and Hui-Ju Tsai, MPH, PhD

DOI Number: 10.4088/JCP.12m08117

List of Supplementary Material for the article

1. eTable 1 Receptor Binding Affinity (pK_i) for Antipsychotic Drugs

2. eTable 2 Association Between New Use of Antipsychotics and VTE by Various Receptors of

Binding Affinity

3. eTable 3 Association Between Continuous Use of Antipsychotics and VTE by Various Receptors of

Binding Affinity

Disclaimer

This Supplementary Material has been provided by the author(s) as an enhancement to the published article. It has been approved by peer review; however, it has undergone neither editing nor formatting by in-house editorial staff. The material is presented in the manner supplied by the author.

Supplementary eTable 1. Receptor binding affinity $(pK_i)^a$ for antipsychotic drugs

Antipsychotic drug	5HT _{2A}	D_2	H_1
Amisulpride	5.08	8.89	5.00
Chlorpromazine	7.96	8.29	8.51
Clozapine	7.80	7.27	8.95
Fluphenazine	7.42	9.27	7.85
Haloperidol	6.81	8.92	5.77
Olanzapine	8.62	7.28	8.66
Perphenazine	8.25	9.04	8.10
Prochlorperazine	7.82	9.40	7.72
Quetiapine	6.04	6.39	8.16
Risperidone	9.23	8.24	7.70
Sulpiride	5.00	7.84	5.00
Thioridazine	7.56	7.98	7.78
Trifluoperazine	7.13	8.89	7.20
Zotepine	8.57	7.60	8.49

Abbreviations: 5HT_{2A}=serotonin 5-HT_{2A} receptor; D₂=dopamine D₂ receptor; H₁= histamine H₁ receptor.

^a A minimal (pK_i) value of 5.0 was used for low biding affinity.

Supplementary eTable 2. Association between new use of antipsychotics and VTE by various receptors of binding affinity (using low binding

affinity as the reference group).

	Case		Control		Model 1		Model 2	
	n	%	n	%	Crude OR ^a	95% CI	$\mathbf{AOR}^{\mathrm{a,b}}$	95% CI
Serotonin 5-HT _{2A} receptor								
None or past users	2,030	(97.97)	12,676	(99.54)	0.11	(0.03-0.37)	0.14	(0.03-0.69)
Low binding affinity	6	(0.29)	4	(0.03)	-	-	ı	-
High binding affinity	36	(1.74)	55	(0.43)	0.43	(0.11-1.63)	0.42	(0.08-2.26)
Histamine H ₁ receptor								
None or past users	2,030	(97.97)	12,676	(99.54)	0.24	(0.10-0.56)	0.44	(0.17-1.14)
Low binding affinity	9	(0.43)	13	(0.10)	-	-	ı	-
High binding affinity	33	(1.59)	46	(0.36)	1.06	(0.40-2.78)	1.62	(0.55-4.79)
Dopamine D ₂ receptor								
None or past users	2,030	(97.97)	12,676	(99.54)	0.20	(0.12-0.33)	0.31	(0.17-0.57)
Low binding affinity	26	(1.25)	32	(0.25)	-	-	ı	-
High binding affinity	16	(0.77)	27	(0.21)	0.73	(0.33-1.64)	1.07	(0.42-2.70)

Abbreviations: OR=odds ratio; AOR=adjusted odds ratio.

^a Significant results are in bold; statistical significance was determined in conditional logistic regression by Wald χ^2 test with df = 1.

^b Adjusted for disease risk score deciles.

Supplementary eTable 3. Association between continuous use of antipsychotics and VTE by various receptors of binding affinity (using low binding affinity as the reference group).

	Case		Control		Model 1		Model 2	
	n	%	n	%	Crude OR ^a	95% CI	$\mathbf{AOR}^{\mathrm{a,b}}$	95% CI
Serotonin 5-HT _{2A} receptor								
None or past users	2,030	(95.80)	12,676	(98.23)	0.30	(0.18-0.51)	0.71	(0.40-1.27)
Low binding affinity	21	(0.99)	39	(0.30)	-	-	•	-
High binding affinity	68	(3.21)	190	(1.47)	0.67	(0.37-1.22)	0.83	(0.43-1.61)
Histamine H ₁ receptor								
None or past users	2,030	(95.80)	12,676	(98.24)	0.40	(0.28-0.59)	0.63	(0.41-0.97)
Low binding affinity	37	(1.75)	94	(0.73)	-	-	•	-
High binding affinity	52	(2.45)	133	(1.03)	0.99	(0.60-1.63)	0.67	(0.38-1.16)
Dopamine D ₂ receptor								
None or past users	2,030	(95.75)	12,676	(98.23)	0.44	(0.30-0.66)	0.81	(0.52-1.28)
Low binding affinity	33	(1.56)	93	(0.72)	-	-	-	-
High binding affinity	57	(2.69)	135	(1.05)	1.16	(0.70-1.92)	1.02	(0.58-1.79)

Abbreviations: OR=odds ratio; AOR=adjusted odds ratio.

^a Significant results are in bold; statistical significance was determined in conditional logistic regression by Wald χ^2 test with df = 1.

^b Adjusted for disease risk score deciles.